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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/774,641	02/09/2004	Ulrich Noack	2694-0140P	8792

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EXAMINER

MASINICK, MICHAEL D

ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

2125

DATE MAILED: 02/23/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

10/774,641

Applicant(s)

NOACK, ULRICH

Examiner

Michael D. Masinick

Art Unit

2125

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 31 January 2006.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 9-18 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 9-18 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
- Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☐ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) ☐ Other: _____

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

Applicant's amendments submitted 1/31/2006 have been considered, but are not fully persuasive. All claim objections and USC 112 rejections have been removed. All art rejections are maintained as previously written.

Applicant argues that the Jenne art is non-analogous art and is not able to be used in a rejection. In response, it has been held that a prior art reference must either be in the field of applicant's endeavor or, if not, then be reasonably pertinent to the particular problem with which the applicant was concerned, in order to be relied upon as a basis for rejection of the claimed invention. See *In re Oetiker*, 977 F.2d 1443, 24 USPQ2d 1443 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, the problem with which applicant was concerned was the ability to slow or stop a machine based on readings obtained. The solutions presented in Jenne are clearly able to solve this problem. Even though the machinery in question may be different, the concepts presented would have made this combination obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art.

Applicant also stated that they believe that the amendments made to the claims - "reducing speed of the rotor below a rated speed to a new speed" can overcome the Breen reference which shows stopping the machine (reducing the speed to zero). The wording of the claim does not indicate that the new speed is a non-zero speed; therefore this objection is maintained by the examiner as still appropriate.

Previous rejections are maintained below.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

2. Claims 9-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent NO. 4,570,229 to Breen et al in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,913,371 to Jenne.

3. With respect to independent claim 9, Breen shows a method for the control of a rotary tablet forming machine where a rotor is capable of being rotated by means of a drive unit (Column 3, line 55), the rotor including at least one matrix ("die cavity") with allocated upper punches and lower punches and a pressing force (Column 5, lines 34-52), acting on the press mass filled into the one matrix at least, is determined (Column 1, lines 15-30 and lines 51 through Column 2, line 15), wherein the determined pressing force is compared with a pre-specifiable limit value ("pre-established limits" – Column 1, line 58) and, with a level going below the limit value, performing a corrective action (Column 1, line 51 through Column 2, line 15 – also see claim 1, part C).

4. With respect to independent claim 18, Breen shows a device for the control of a rotary tablet forming machine, with a control unit or similar for the control of a drive unit of a rotor of the rotary tablet forming machine (Figure 1, "Press controller 10"), a facility for determining a

Art Unit: 2125

pressing force acting on a press mass as well as a means for comparing the determined pressing force with a pre-specifiable pressing force (Column 5, lines 34-52) and at least one means for performing a corrective action in dependence of the comparison of the determined pressing force with the pre-specifiable pressing force (Column 1, line 51 through Column 2, line 15 – also see claim 1, part C).

5. With relation to both claims 9 and 18, Breen does not show that this corrective action is to reduce the required speed of the rotor below the rated speed or “pre-specifying a required speed” to a new speed.

6. Breen does show, however, corrective actions of adjusting the powder level, activating diverting gates, and “signals generated in response to the occurrence of one or more undesirable events for shutting down the tablet press”. Applicant should note that “shutting down the tablet press” does read on the claim element “reducing the speed below the rated speed”. Appropriate changes to the wording of this claim are required to avoid a USC 102 rejection (not given in this office action as it is clear that the spirit of the invention indicates that the speed is reduced, but not to zero).

7. The rated speed of a rotor is the maximum allowed operating speed at which it is safe to operate the rotor. The Jenne patent shows a rotary drive mechanism with a speed control based on the sensed condition that the maximum “feed force” has exceeded a user defined limit value. “As soon as the limit values are exceeded, the feed speed and driving rotational movement are lowered”. It is assumed that most machines are run at their “rated speed” when in use as that provides maximum output.

Art Unit: 2125

8. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the speed control concepts set forth in the Jenne patent to control the speed of the rotor in the Breen patent because such a mechanism can prevent damage to the equipment caused by pressure in excess of a set limit (Column 1, lines 47-50 of Jenne).

9. Referring to claim 10, Breen shows wherein the pressing force is measured ("strain gauges" – Column 1, line 18).

10. Referring to claims 11-14, Breen shows wherein a difference between the limit value and a required pressing force can be set. Examiner assumes this claim to mean that the user can set the pressing force of the system to be a set percentage above the limit value for the measured pressing force. This is done automatically by Breen as the user can set and modify both the limit values and the required pressing force in order to create the best product as required by specifications.

11. Referring to claim 15, Breen shows wherein the required speed of the rotor is compared with an actual speed of the rotor; and the rotor is regulated to the required speed. Examiner notes that this is the point of any speed control system in any art and is done automatically once the user sets a speed until the desired speed is achieved. The term "required speed" is taken by examiner to mean "set point" for the speed controller.

12. Referring to claims 16 and 17, Breen shows the speed control from both the standstill and the rated speed. Examiner again notes that a speed setting can be changed by the user at any time. This is related to claim 15 where the speed will automatically be adjusted until it reaches

Art Unit: 2125

the desired speed regardless of the starting point.

Conclusion

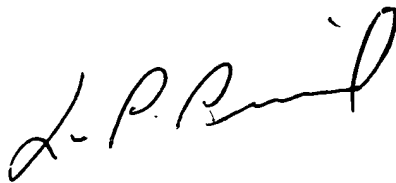
13. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire **THREE MONTHS** from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within **TWO MONTHS** of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the **THREE-MONTH** shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than **SIX MONTHS** from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael D. Masinick whose telephone number is (571) 272-3746. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri, 7:30-4:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Leo Picard can be reached on (571) 272-3749. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "L. P. Picard", is centered on the page.

MDM, October 27, 2005

LEO PICARD
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100